

HIIT@WORK

Can High Intensity Interval Training be fun enough to motivate desk-top workers for continued participation? A practice-based study of HIIT@WORK

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INTRODUCTION

- High Intensity Interval Training (HIIT) is an innovative training method which has been shown to be at least as efficient to enhance one's health and physical performance as the standard recommended moderate intensity continuous training.
- A lack of time is an often cited barrier to exercise more. HIIT is low in time demand and therefore it has a lot of potential as a health-enhancing intervention.
- Previously, by use of design research methodology, the 4 minute HIIT@WORK exercise program was created targeting desk-top workers in an office setting.
- Although the possible advantages, training at a high intensity might scare people
 off, have a negative affective response, be less attractive or result in a lower
 motivation or a low attrition rate.

HIIT@WORK TRAINING SESSIONS

- HIIT-sessions included a short warming-up, a 4 minute functional exercise work-out based on the Tabata-protocol (8x20" @>80%Hrmax) and a cool down.
- Aiming for maximal feasibility and acceptability, we used no ergometers, no sports materials and no sports halls. Training sessions were administered in a normal meeting/dining room and changing of clothes was not necessary.





CONCLUSIONS

- Although HIIT@WORK is based on a potentially less enjoyable high intensity workout, still desk-top workers frequently participated.
- HIIT training, including a motivational framework, can be made fun and motivational both for active and non-active desk-top workers. Important motivation came from aspects of autonomy, belonging, competence, self-regulation, goalsetting and incentives.
- More research is needed on the long term effects of HIIT training in an office setting. Currently, our research group is evaluating a 10wk HIIT@WORK program, including a more extensive goalsetting, pre and post fitness testing, START2HIIT introduction sessions, train-the-trainer programs and a HIIT@HOME module.

OBJECTIVES

The aim of this study was to 1. examine the participation rate of the HIIT@WORK program; 2. study the perceived motivators for continued participation.

METHODS

- Within two companies, in total 27 participants were included for participation. They
 were predominantly female (83%), with a mean age of 40,6 (±7,6) year. It was a
 mixed group with both active and non-active desk-top workers.
- During 4 weeks, HIIT-sessions were organized 4 days a week during the afternoon break. The desk-top workers could choose their participation rate freely, but it was recommended to follow as many as possible to have larger health benefits.
- A motivational framework was created to increase motivation. This included f.e. choices of exercise (autonomy), goal setting strategies, group challenges and incentives.
- During intervention, participant rate was registered. Post-intervention participants
 were asked to fill in the Physical Activity Enjoyment Scale (PACES) and
 participated in a semi-structured interview questioning their motivation for
 continued participation. Ethics approval was received from the Ethics Committee
 UZ Gent.



RESULTS

The mean participation rate was 2.6 training sessions per week per person.
 This remained relatively stable during the 4 consecutive weeks of the program.

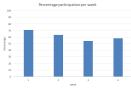


Fig 1: Percentage of participation from week 1 through week 4

- Participants reported to be positively influenced by following motivators:
 - Heart rate measurements (self-regulation)
 - Choices of exercise (autonomy)
 - Differentiation and exercising on one's own level of capacity (competence)
 - Individual and group challenges (goal setting)
 - Colleagues (belonging)
 - External rewarding (incentives).
- Participants scored the movement program at 104.5 ± 17.7 (on a total of 126) on the Physical Activity Enjoyment Scale.
- 77% preferred to continue doing HIIT@WORK even after the intervention was finished.

SEARCH FOR PARTNERS

We are open for any **national and international cooperation** regarding the topics "health promotion at work" of "workplace based physical activity programs".

Currently, we are exploring funding within the **Erasmus Plus** Sport Collaborative Partnership funding, or other similar funding sources.

We target the opportunity to develop, transfer and implement **innovative practices** to the setting of **work-place based physical activity and sport**.

Please contact us in case of interest or if you have any questions.

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